Trade with Other Foreign Countries.—The relative changes in the positions occupied by the United States and other foreign countries in Canada's trade in various years from 1886 to 1929 are shown in the following table. Imports from the United States have increased from 44.6 p.c. to 68.6 p.c. of total imports, while imports from other foreign countries have remained fairly constant. In the case of Canadian exports, on the other hand, those to the United States have declined from 44.1 to 36.7 p.c. of the total, while those to other foreign countries have increased from 4.5 p.c. to 24 p.c. of total Canadian exports.

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ade with—
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total Foreign Countries
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	p.c.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 56
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 66
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	70
922) • 75
$929.\ldots929.\ldots9868,012,229 140,247,523 0.008,259,752 68 \cdot 6 11 \cdot 929.\ldots.929 140,247,523 0.008,259,752 68 \cdot 6 11 \cdot 929.35 0.008,259,752 0.008,250,250 0.008,250,250 0.008,250 0.008,250,250 0.008,250,250 0.008,250,250 0.008,2502 0.008,2500,250 0.008,25$	
Ensuita (Consilian)	
Esports (Canadian).	
386	5 48
396 $37,789,481$ $5,152,185$ $42,941,666$ $34\cdot4$ $4\cdot$	7 39
00683,546,306 13,516,428 97,062,734 35.5 5.	
014 163,372,825 29,573,097 192,945,922 37·9 6·	
222232	
222232, 333.040 101, 310, 021 334, 400, 210 334.5 334.5 345.5 329 499, 612, 145 327, 970, 510 827, 582, 655 36.7 24.	
	′ ⁰⁰

TRADE OF CANADA WITH THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES. (Fiscal Years 1886, 1896, 1906, 1914, 1922 and 1929.)

With further reference to the trade of Canada with countries other than the United Kingdom and the United States, attention is directed to Tables 22 to 35, giving the trade of Canada in leading commodities with 42 British and foreign countries for the fiscal years 1928 and 1929.

Subsection 5.—Geographical Distribution of Canadian Trade by Continents and Countries.

Geographical Distribution of Canadian Trade by Continents.—During the fiscal year 1929 Canada sold more products to Europe than to any other continent, her sales amounting to 642,800,000, compared with 542,500,000 to the continent of North America; while her purchases from Europe amounted to only 286,700,000 compared with 8894,200,000 from the North American continent. During 1929 the continents of Europe and North America took $86 \cdot 9$ p.c. of the Dominion's total exports, as compared with $89 \cdot 1$ p.c. in 1928, and $90 \cdot 7$ p.c. in 1925. From 1925 to 1929 the proportion of Canada's exports to the United Kingdom decreased from $37 \cdot 0$ to $31 \cdot 5$ p.c.; the proportion to other European countries in the same period increased from $10 \cdot 9$ to $15 \cdot 6$ p.c.; whereas the proportion exported to the United States from 1925 to 1929 decreased from $39 \cdot 1$ to $36 \cdot 7$ p.c., and to other North American countries from $3 \cdot 7$ to $3 \cdot 1$ p.c. Europe and North America, in 1929, furnished Canada with $93 \cdot 3$ p.c. of her total imports, compared with $92 \cdot 2$ p.c. in 1928 and $93 \cdot 3$ p.c. in 1925. Between 1925 and 1929 imports from South America increased from 20,100,000 to 226,500,000, from Asia from 27,500,000 to